

STRengthening Analytical Thinking for Observational Studies (STRATOS)

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<http://stratos-initiative.org/>

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NEED for GUIDANCE

- Profusion of new, complex statistical techniques and algorithms
- Unclear which methods are useful in practice, and under what conditions
- Insufficient awareness and understanding, among practitioners, of both well-established and, especially, new approaches and methods
- For some complex analytical challenges, there is *no* agreement, even among experts, as to the best approach
- Very **limited guidance** on key issues that are **vital in practice** discourages analysts from utilizing possibly more appropriate methods in their real-life applications, thus, **reducing the scientific yield of empirical research**

STRATOS initiative: STRengthening Analytical Thinking for Observational Studies

Main goal

To improve the current practice in design and statistical analyses of observational studies in practice by closing the gap between available statistical methodology and methods applied in real-life through guidance for researchers with different levels of statistical expertise.

Different levels of statistical knowledge

Level 1: Low statistical knowledge

- Many studies are analysed by researchers with this level

Level 2: Experienced statistician

- Uses methodology which is ok, however often not according to state of the art

Level 3: Expert in a specific area

- Performs research to improve statistical models and adapts them to complex real problems.

Guidance and educational material is needed for many stakeholders
(analysts with different levels of knowledge, reviewers, readers,
teachers, journalists,)

Researchers

Consumers

First in a Series of Papers for the Biometric Bulletin

**STRATOS initiative – Guidance for designing and
analyzing observational studies**

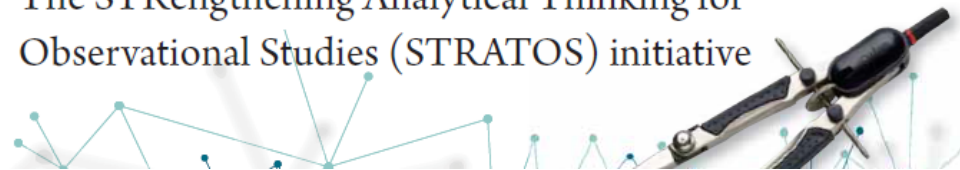
STRATOS
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Willi Sauerbrei¹, Marianne Huebner², Gary S. Collins³, Katherine Lee⁴, Laurence Freedman⁵, Mitchell Gail⁶, Els Goetghebeur⁷, Joerg Rahnenfuehrer⁸ and Michal Abrahamowicz⁹ on behalf of the STRATOS initiative.

➡ Short papers from all TGs and some panels

Guidance for designing and analysing observational studies:

The STRengthening Analytical Thinking for
Observational Studies (STRATOS) initiative



**Willi Sauerbrei¹, Gary S. Collins²,
Marianne Huebner³, Stephen D. Walter⁴,
Suzanne M. Cadarette⁵, and
Michal Abrahamowicz⁶ on behalf of the
STRATOS initiative**

Volume 26 Number 3 | *Medical Writing* September 2017 | 17

Journal of the European Medical Writers Association (EMWA)

STRATOS – History and Milestones

- **2011 Epi Subcom** at 42th Int Soc Clin Biostatistics (ISCB) in Ottawa
- **2013: Initiative launched** at 44th ISCB in Munich
- **2014: 1st STRATOS paper [1]:** *Statistics in Medicine* 2014; 33(30):5413-5432.

Sauerbrei W, Abrahamowicz M, Altman D, le Saskia, Carpenter J.
STRengthening Analytical Thinking for Observational Studies: The STRATOS initiative.

- **2016 & 2019: 2 General meetings,** Banff Int Res Station (BIRS), Canada

..... STRATOS – History and Milestones

- **Invited STRATOS Sessions and Mini-Symposia:**
 - **Int Soc Clin Biost (ISCB):** 2014, 2015, 2016, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022
 - **Int Biometric Conf (IBC):** 2016, 2020, 2022 + Regional IBS meetings: 2017, 2018, 2021, 2022
 - **Royal Statistical Soc (RSS):** 2018, 2020, 2021
 - Other international conferences: HEC 2016, CEN 2018, GMDS 2017, Soc Epi Res (SER) 2021, DAGStat 2022
- **Series in Biometric Bulletin (since 3/2017), 17 articles published, to proceed until 4/2024**
- **2021 Memorandum of Understanding with ISCB**
- **Partner in the SISAQOL project lead by EORTC (>40 stakeholders, including pharma and regulators)**
- **As of 2021: >100 members (from 19 countries on 5 continents)**

STRATOS Topic Groups (TGs)

Topic Group		Chairs
1	Missing data	James Carpenter (UK), Kate Lee (AUS)
2	Selection of variables and functional forms in multivariable analysis	Georg Heinze (AUT), Aris Perperoglou (UK), Willi Sauerbrei (GER)
3	Initial data analysis	Marianne Huebner (US), Carsten Oliver Schmidt (GER)
4	Measurement error and misclassification	Victor Kipnis (US), Pam Shaw (US)
5	Study design	Mitchell Gail (US), Suzanne Cadarette (CAN)
6	Evaluating diagnostic tests and prediction models	Ewout Steyerberg (NL), Ben van Calster (NL)
7	Causal inference	Els Goetghebeur (BEL), Ingeborg Waernbaum (SWE)
8	Survival analysis	Michal Abrahamowicz (CAN), Malka Gorfine (ISR), Terry Therneau (US)
9	High-dimensional data	Lisa McShane (US), Joerg Rahnenfuehrer (GER), Riccardo de Bin (NOR)

Chairs from 11 countries and 4 continents

STRATOS Cross-cutting Panels

Panel		Chairs and Co-Chairs	
MP	Membership	Chairs:	James Carpenter (UK), Willi Sauerbrei (GER)
PP	Publications	Chairs:	Bianca De Stavola (UK), Pam Shaw (US)
		Co-Chairs:	Mitchell Gail (US), Petra Macaskill (AUS)
GP	Glossary	Chairs:	Martin Boeker (GER), Marianne Huebner (US)
WP	Website	Chairs:	Joerg Rahnenfuehrer (GER), Willi Sauerbrei (GER)
RP	Literature Review	Chairs:	Gary Collins (UK), Carl Moons (NL)
BP	Bibliography	Chairs:	to be determined
SP	Simulation Studies	Chairs:	Michal Abrahamowicz (CAN), Anne-Laure Boulesteix (GER)
DP	Data Sets	Chairs:	Saskia Le Cessie (NL), Maarten van Smeden (NL)
TP	Knowledge Translation	Chair:	Rolf Groenwold (NL), Maarten van Smeden (NL)
CP	Contact Organisations	Chairs:	Willi Sauerbrei (GER)
VP	Visualisation	Chairs:	Mark Baillie (SWITZ/CH)

Biometric Bulletin

- TGs have given short overviews in a series of papers published in the Biometric Bulletin
 - Sept 2017: introduction of the initiative
 - Dec 2017 – March 2020: 9 TG articles
 - June 2020 – Dec 2020: Panels Simulation, Visualisation and Glossary
 - Since March 2021: updated articles for TGs 4, 2, 3, 1 & 7
 - Agreement with the Editor: article series until Dec. 2024

Summary

- Data and data science becomes more and more important
- Answering questions empirically through data analyses often requires the use of complex methodology. It is important to develop suitable approaches; needs to be done by experts (Level 3)
- Experienced statisticians (Level 2) need to be supported by suitable guidance. There are (too) many approaches (some are useless) available and suitable comparisons are missing
- Better simulation studies are required to assess properties, compare approaches and derive evidence based guidance for practice.
- Suitable educational material is the key to improve analyses at a broad level
- For practically relevant topics we need greater emphasis on development of Level 1 and 2 guidance